



I. Vocabulary and communication

1. You push this thing in a supermarket and put goods in it.

- ☐ A) trolley ☐ B) basket ☐ C) bag ☐ D) shelf

2. A: I'm looking for a single room for a night.

B: Do you have a

- ☐ A) accommodation ☐ B) reservation
☐ C) lift ☐ D) reception



3. I went there by plane. The was long. It took about 10 hours.

- ☐ A) drive ☐ B) flight ☐ C) tour ☐ D) trip

4. I have a (1) (katar) and a (2) (kaszel).

- ☐ A) (1) rash; (2) cough ☐ B) (1) runny nose; (2) cough
☐ C) (1) nose bleeding; (2) allergy ☐ D) (1) nose bleeding; (2) cough

5. The doctor gave me a for an antibiotic.

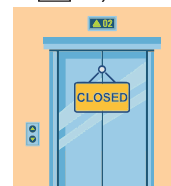
- ☐ A) recipe ☐ B) receipt ☐ C) prescribe ☐ D) prescription

6. If you want to switch on the TV, use a

- ☐ A) pilot ☐ B) camera ☐ C) remote control ☐ D) cushion

7. The lift is out of Use the stairs, please.

- ☐ A) work ☐ B) a job
☐ C) order ☐ D) working



8. your time. Don't make a decision in a hurry.

- ☐ A) Make ☐ B) Hold ☐ C) Take ☐ D) Watch

9. You your sister. You have the same eyes and hair.

- ☐ A) look ☐ B) watch ☐ C) look like ☐ D) take like

10. We had a very day - we just lay in the sun.

- ☐ A) busy ☐ B) relaxing ☐ C) nervous ☐ D) bad-tempered

11. A person who is uncomfortable meeting new people is

- ☐ A) lazy ☐ B) confident ☐ C) shy ☐ D) talkative

12. A: Would you like a piece of cake?

B:

- ☐ A) Sure, no problem. ☐ B) Sure, that's very kind of you.
☐ C) I'm sorry. That's my fault. ☐ D) I'm sure I would.

13. A: I've broken your vase.

B:

- ☐ A) Good luck. ☐ B) The same to you. ☐ C) Never mind. ☐ D) Make up your mind.

II. Grammar

14. A: What are you doing tomorrow evening?

B: I to the cinema. I have tickets.

- ☐ A) will go ☐ B) am going ☐ C) go ☐ D) going

15. Peter is looking at his mobile and can't see where he is going. There is a hole in front of him.

- ☐ A) He fall into the hole. ☐ B) He will fall into the hole.
☐ C) He is going to fall into the hole. ☐ D) He falls into the hole.

16. A: I have a terrible headache.

B: Poor you, wait a moment.

- ☐ A) I will give you an aspirin.
☐ C) I am giving you an aspirin.

- ☐ B) I give you an aspirin.
☐ D) I am going to give you.

17. I my key. Can you help me look for it?

- ☐ A) I will lose ☐ B) lost

- ☐ C) have lost ☐ D) lose

18. I saw her yesterday but I her so far today.

- ☐ A) saw ☐ B) didn't see

- ☐ C) have seen ☐ D) haven't seen

19. If you mix blue and yellow, you green.

- ☐ A) get ☐ B) will get

- ☐ C) got ☐ D) was getting

20. If I (1) time tomorrow, I (2) her.

- ☐ A) (1) will have; (2) will call
☐ C) (1) have; (2) will call

- ☐ B) (1) have; (2) call
☐ D) (1) had; (2) will call

21. it rained a lot, we had a great time.

- ☐ A) But ☐ B) Although

- ☐ C) However ☐ D) And

22. He speaks English

- ☐ A) perfect ☐ B) good

- ☐ C) perfectly ☐ D) friendly

23. My doctor says I have to unhealthy food.

- ☐ A) cut down ☐ B) cut down on

- ☐ C) cut on ☐ D) cut up

III. Reading



The Matvei Mudrov train is a special train in Russia that travels around 4,000 kilometres along the railway line known as the Baikal-Amur Mainline (the BAM). On its way, the train has several stops in wild parts of Siberia. When the train comes to the station it can be there for hours or even days. There are about fifteen doctors on the train. They do their best to help people who live in small remote villages in Russia. These people can't meet with doctors in their hometowns. They become patients for a moment when the train comes to their place of living. They have appointments with doctors. It is even possible to do their blood tests there. The train has its laboratory for blood and urine tests and medical testing machines like x-rays. However, it can't offer surgery. If someone should undergo operations, the person has to go to hospital. The patients appreciate the doctors on the train. They claim they are reliable and good at their jobs.

The train was named after a famous Russian doctor who lived in the nineteenth century.

Nowadays, the Matvei Mudrov visits each town or village on the BAM twice a year.

Source: <https://www.ngliffe.com/siberias-medical-train>

24. What is the BAM?

- ☐ A) the train
☐ C) the patients who arrive at the train

- ☐ B) the doctors who work on the train
☐ D) the railway line in Russia

25. Where does the Matvei Mudrov train stop?

- ☐ A) in big cities
☐ C) in remote villages without medical centres

- ☐ B) in towns with medical centers
☐ D) hours or days

26. What can't be done on the train?

- ☐ A) an x-ray ☐ B) an operation

- ☐ C) a blood test ☐ D) a urine test

27. What do patients think of the train doctors?

- ☐ A) They don't trust the doctors.
☐ C) They trust them.

- ☐ B) They have a bad opinion about them.
☐ D) They ignore them.

28. How long does the BAM train stop at the station?

- ☐ A) no more than a minute
☐ C) more than an hour

- ☐ B) no more than 5 minutes
☐ D) it doesn't stop at all

29. Who was Matvei Mudrov?

- ☐ A) a train ☐ B) a patient

- ☐ C) a doctor ☐ D) a nurse

30. How often does the train come to the remote villages on its way?

- ☐ A) less than once a year
☐ C) every five years

- ☐ B) once a year
☐ D) more often than once a year